integrated and punished. Shea is no part of this power, but only its visible result. If he aione is to suffer, the administration of justice will be disgraced and the officers of the State having power to prevent it will be held accountable either for want of integrity or competency.

It is for the reasons above stated that we ask Your Excellency to put the prosecution of these crimes absolutely in the hands of the Attorney-General, unhampered by any condition whatever.

The extraordinary emergency, to meet which the law referred to was designed, has arisen in this county. In the memorandum filed by the Governor with his approval of the act in question the following language is used:

"Instances occasionally happen where there is no evasion or neglect of duty on the part of the District-Attorney, no maiadministration of office, but where by reason of personal or local complications the necessity of a thorough and vigorous prosecution demand that the Attorney-General should supersede the District-Attorney. Such cases the bill under consideration would provide for."

These are precisely the conditions which exist in this community to-day. And we respectfully submit that the Governor himself has recognized their existence, inasmuch as on the third day after election he of his own accord directed Mr. Kelly, the District-Attorney, to retire from the investigation and prosecution of these crimes, and requested two gentlemen dissociated from the District-Attorney's office to take full charge of such prosecution.

thorities should be superseded. But the Governor's proposition to invoke the statute was upon the excondition that the Attorney-General should

press condition that the Attorney-General should name the Assistant District-Attorney as one of his deputies for the purpose of the proceedings. This condition, it insisted upon, would platuly nullify the proposed relief.

Mr. Fagan would be no more acceptable as a Deputy Attorney-General than as an Assistant District-Attorney. The "personal and local complications" which might fairly be expected to embarrass him in the vigorous and determined investigation which the present exigency demands would operate alike whether he is called "Assistant District-Attorney" or "Deputy Attorney-General."

ant District-Attorney" or "Deputy Attorney-General."

In conclusion, we cannot but believe that upon reflection Your Excellency will acknowledge the force of our suggestions, which perhaps have not heretofore been fully considered by the Governor. And in all sincerity, as law-abiding citizens, animated alone, as we believe, by an earnest desire for a fair, impartial and unshrinking prosecution of crimes which, if unpunished, must constitute a terrible menace to all free institutions, we respectfully demand that the Attorney-General be directed to assume full charge of the investigation and prosecution of such crimes, untrammelled by any condition whatsoever.

Chalman of the Committee of Public Safety. At a regularly called meeting of the Committee of Public Safety, held at Troy, N. Y., on the 23d day of March, 1894, the foregoing was unanimously adopted.

CHARLES I. BAKER, Secretarry, GOVERNOR FLOWER ANSWERS THE COMMITTEE.

GOVERNOR FLOWER ANSWERS THE COMMITTEE.

Governor Flower this afternoon sent his answer to the request of the Committee of Safety. After reviewing the circumstances of the applications made to the Governor by the committee, the communication continues:

I thereupon determined to comply with the com-mittee's request and to require the Attorney-Gen-eral to appear in the presecutions upon one con-dition, namely, that one of the deputies to be ap-pointed by him should be the present Assistant District-Attorney, Mr. Fagan, My reasons for in-sisting upon Mr. Fagan's appointment were these: First—I knew from the testimony furnished me by Mr. Van Santvoord and Mr. Black and other tempers of the Ciczeb, Committee that Mr. by Mr. Van Santvoord and Mr. Hack, and other permers of the Clussels Committee that Mr. Fagan was an bonest and competent lawyer, and Messrs. Van Santvoord and Black expressed to me their preference that Mr. Fagan should be associated with them in the prosecution. I was also convinced from my own interviews with Mr. Fagan of his perfect honesty of purpose in this matter.

representing the constitutional machinery established for criminal prosecutions—and if there were no reflections on his lategrity or ability he ough; in justice to himself and his office to have a voice in the prosecution.

AN ALLEGED steer. Afternov's office in these prosecutions—

Third-A constitutional question has been raised regarding that provision of the law by which the designation of the Attorney-General operates as an absolute exclusion of the District-Attorney or his representative from all part in the prosecution. including appearance before the Grand Jury. The existence of such a doubt made it almost essential in the interest of a thorough prosecution that the Assistant District-Attorney be made one of the

Deputy At aneys-tieneral.

Fourth-If there were any political consideration in connection with the prosecutions, the ap-

Fourth—If there were any political consideration in connection with the prosecutions, the appointment of three men life Messrs, Fagan, Black and Van Santvoord would represent all phases of political opinion in two and would therefore Insure an honest prosecution. It would give no persons any opportunity to use the machinery of Justice for political persecutions.

Inc Automey-General retused to-appoint Mr. Fagan, after consultation with political friends, and now you ask me to turn the prosecutions over to him without attaching the condition of Mr. Fagan, appointment. This I must respectfully decline to do, both for the reasons stated above and for the further reason that during the Coroner's inquest upon the death of Robert Ross the Assistant District-Attorney, Mr. Fagan, has performed his official duty in a manner to elicit praise from all hopess citizens, and to supersede him-now in the prosecutions merely upon the vague suspicions and unmany innuendoes of your communication would not only be an unworthy reflection upon an honest effort of a public officer to do right, but it would discourage official responsibility everywhere.

REFUSES TO HURT MR. FAGAN'S FEELINGS.

REFUSES TO HURT MR. FAGAN'S FEELINGS Until these election crimes were brought to my attention I never knew or heard of Mr. Fagan, but I have inquired into his record, I have talked with him personally, and he has borne himself in such manly, able manner in this emergency that I would be untrue to myself, untrue to him and untrue to every faithful public officer in this State if I per-mitted him to be set aside and disgraced for no better reasons than those presented in your com-munication. It is your duty and mine to see that he is encouraged in his disposition and apparent effort to discharge every official obligation honestly and fearlessly, and not to hamper his work by insinua-tions unsupported by facts and bearing on their face the evidence of political enmity.

TRYING TO SHIFT THE RESPONSIBILITY. Your letter contains many statements, which, i true, reveal a sad state of affairs in your city, and for which, if true, deplorable as they may be, you are yourselves primarily responsible. Under our system of local government the people choose their public officers. If bad men are put in office the peopublic officers. If bait men are put in onice the proper ple are responsible. Fortunately the law furnishes ready remedies—removal of unworthy officials and appointment or election of better ones. If your vague insinuations against the District-Attorney's office are susceptible of proof, file charges and proof with me and you will find me as earnest in securing a good administration of the office as you can possibly be. With respect, I remain, very truly yours,

ROSWELL P. FLOWER.

TO GIVE THE MAYOR POWER OF REMOVAL UNSUCCESSFUL EFFORTS TO RECOMMIT MR SHEFFIELD'S BILL RELATING TO NEW-YORK.

Albany, March 27 (Special).-There was a long and heated discussion in the Assembly this morning on the bill introduced some time ago by Mr. Sheffield, of New-York, which authorizes any future Mayor of New-York, within thirty days after taking office, to remove the heads of departments of that city. The intention of the bill is perfectly plain to every one who has read it, and it is s plain to the Tammany members of the Assembly that they now are making a desperate fight against it under orders from some high Tammany officials in New-York. William Sulzer, the Tammany leader on the floor of the Assembly, has tried various expedients to get the bill back into the Assembly committee, so that it could be held there. Up to to-day he had failed, and his effort to do so aga! also resulted in failure. bill was at the head of the "second reading"

calendar this morning. Suizer moved to strike out the enacting clause for the purpose of obtaining an explanation of its provisions, with which he pri-viously was familiar. He did this to gain time, so that all of his men could be found and brought in to vote with him to send the bill back to committee. clear statement of the bill's provisions, saying that

it was in the interest of home rule, inasmuch as it permitted any Mayor hereafter to be elected to permitted any Mayor hereafter to be elected to choose for heads of the various city departments to have associated with him in the government of the city such men as would be in sympathy with him. If the people this fail voted for a change they wanted a change all along the line. They did not want a change of merely a Mayor who would be surrounded and would be made powerless by holdover heads of departments in sympathy with Tammany Hall. Sulzer, Botts, Marrin, Foley and Trainor, all Tammany men, took turns at praising the present government of New-York City, and declaring that the bill was not in the direction of home rule.

claring that the bill was not in the direction of home rule.

Mr. Taylor, of Brooklyn, and Mr. Ainsworth answered these arguments so effectually that sixty-four Republican votes were recorded against Mr. Sulzer's motion to recommit the bill. The bill was sent to a third reading.

The fight of the National building and loan associations and the New-York State building and loan associations came up in the Assembly this morning in the discussion of a bill of Senator Persons, which was called up by Mr. Taylor, of Brooklyn. The bill was on second reading. All sorts of amendments to it were offered by various members, some of whom did so in the interest of the National associations, but they were strenuously and successfully opposed by Mr. Taylor, who declared that he wanted the bill advanced in exactly the same form it was in when it left the Senate. In the end the New-York State associations were victorious, and the measure was sent to a third reading just as it was when it received the signature of the presiding officer of the Senate. It is likely now

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that the bill will pass the Assembly in its present shape, and go to the Governor without change.

FOR PROTECTION FROM BLACKMAIL. THE ASSEMBLY VOTING ON THE BILL AMENDING THE LIBEL LAW.

Albany, March 27 (Special) .- In the Assembly to day, Mr. Alnsworth called up for second reading his bill amending the Libel law of the State. This bill, as introduced, had the indorsement of the united newspaper press, because it was fair to plaintiff and defendant, and was designed to protect publishers from the present law, which is an incentive to legal blackmail, inasmuch as it presumes that any mistake, no matter how trivial or innocent, or how quickly corrected, was made proposal is in itself a complete admission that the necessities of the case demand that the local authorities should be superseded. But the Coal authorities should be superseded. But the Coal authorities and the superseded to the newspapers in the interest of the nublie, and of a few lawyers who make a business of reading the newspapers for mistakes, and then writing to persons offering to get them damages

on commission, and had reported the bill in such form that it afforded no relief. Mr. Sulzer offered an amendment providing that malice could only be proved from a conscious pub-lication of faisehood, and made a speech in which he declared that all the newspapers asked for was as much protection in trial as any ordinary criminal. Mr. Dowling, a member of the Codes Committee defended the bill in the form it had been reported and was opposed to giving the newspapers anything

Mr. Sulzer's amendment was voted down, and then Mr. Hennessy, himself a newspaper man, moved to substitute the original bill demanded by the newspapers for the one reported.

Mr. Butts, Mr. Dowling and Hamilton Fish opposed the substitution, and it was lost by a vote of 16 to 71. Those voting for the substitution were Messrs. Alasworth, Brann, Cahill, Gerst, Hennessy, Keenan, Reilly, Roche, Schoefflin, F. F. Schulz, Seibert, Southworth, Sulzer, Taylor, C. W. Terry and Trainot.

Mr. Ainsworth offered as an amendment this provision: "If the jury is satisfied that the publication was made in good faith and without malice, then no punitive or exemplary damages shall be awarded." Mr. Hennessy, himself a newspaper man, moved

cd.

This was opposed by Mr. Bush and Mr. Dowling, and ably advocated by Mr. Ainsworth, and was adopted. The bill was then ordered to a third read-

FATHER MALONE NOMINATED. HE IS THE CHOICE OF THE REPUBLICAN SENA-

TORS AND ASSEMBLYMEN FOR REGENT. Albany, March 27 (Special).-The Rev. Sylveste Malone, of Brooklyn, was unanimously nominated to-night for member of the State Board of Regents in a public caucus of the Republican Senators and Assemblymen. The unanimous nomination was not made, however, until after the first rollcall had demonstrated that a majority of the Republicans present favored the Brooklyn candidate. The other nen who received support in the caucus were the Rev. Louis A. Lambert, of Scottsville; Dr. Albert Vanderveer, of Albany; the Rev. John A. Mullaney, of Syracuse, and Colonel George Bliss, of New On the first rollicall Father Malone received 46 votes. Father Lambert, 12; Dr. Vanderveer, 12; Father Mullaney, 4, and Colonel Bliss 1 vote.

The caucus was called to order by Senator Charles T. Saxton, the chairman of the Caucus Committee of the Senate, and he named Senato Cuthbert W. Pound as chairman. The selection was made unanimous.

The first speech naming a candidate was made by Assemblyman James Taylor, of Brooklyn, who put forward the name of Father Malone, Mr. Taylor said that Brooklyn presented an undivided front in favor of his candidate. He believed that he was a man unequalled in his patriotism, his Republican ism and his love for the American public school The only thing that could be said against him wa that some of the high dignitaries in the thurch to which he belonged were opposed to him. Assembly which he belonged were opposed to him. Assembly-man Wray, of Brooklyn, seconded Father Malone's nomination. The Board of Regents, he said, had under its supervision over 509 institutions of learn-ing in this State, and therefore to occupy the high position of Regent one should possess all the quali-lications of learning, ability and character necessary to it. All of these the choice of the representatives from Brooklyn had.

to it. All of these the choice of the representatives from Brooklyn had.

Assemblyman Nixon, of Chautauqua County, named the candidate most favored by Western New-York, Father Lambert, Assemblyman Whitte, of Buffalo, seconded Father Lambert's nomination.

Hamilton Fish spoke in favor of Father Malone, He said that he had known him for fifteen years and had watched his course during that time with great care. When he first met him Republican members of the Roman Catholic Church were few, but he was glad to say that Father Malone's example had been widely followed, and now in nearly every hamlet was found a Republican priest. Mr. Fish closed his speech with an eloquent edioxy on the abilities, virtues and, worth of his choice. On the rollcall Senator Higgins, of Olean, voted for Colonel George Bliss, of New-York, Senator O'Connor also named his own candidate in voting for Dr. Vanderveer.

nor and native to the control of the

Albany, March 27.—The bill to increase the salary of Thomas J. Brady. Special control of the salary of thomas J. Brady. of Thomas J. Brady, Superintendent of Public Buildings, of New-York, from \$5,000 to \$7,500, had a hearing before the Assembly Cities Committee this

Richard Deeves spoke in favor of the bill. Ex Assemblyman Ellison also favored the bill and presented petitions from New-York builders and presented petitions from New-York bunders and architects asking that it pass. Assistant Corporation Counsel Ruger, of New-York, vigorously objected to the bill. It was mandatory and at variance with home rule. Assemblyman Lawson opposed the bill because he thought the Superintendent was getting enough salary. It would be extravagant to give him more.

The committee decided to report the bill favorably,

THE GOVERNOR REFUSES AGAIN. Albany, March 27 .- A committee of four Staten Islanders had an audience with Governor Flower this afternoon, and requested him to authorize the Attorney-General to conduct the prosecution of election frauds in Richmond County.

The Governor said: "I must decline to interfere in this matter. The District-Attorney is by law designated to conduct such prosecutions. If the District-Attorney is not fit, is incapable or shows a disposition to shirk his duty, lay the facts before me. If you think you have charges against the District-Attorney which would warrant his removal, bring them forward and I will act on them at



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once. On the other hand, if the District-Attorney is an able man, and will push these prosecutions, he should not be divested of the authority with which he was clothed when chosen by the people.

THE LEXOW BILL FOR THURSDAY. Albany, March 27 (Special). The Senate held a sion to-day. When it met Senator Lexov moved that his bill creating a non-partisan board of police in New-York City, which was a special order for consideration to-day, be made a specia order for consideration to-day, be made a special corder for Thursday morning. The motion was adopted. At the same time the Senate will vote upon the resolution extending the time for an investigation of the Police Department of New-York, and the bill appropriating \$25,000 to pay the expenses of the investigation.

Senator Owens introduced a bill fixing the amounts of excise moneys to be paid to Beooklyn besnitals.

ospitals. The Senate passed Senator Mullin's bill authoriz-ig companies instead of individuals to act as

FRANCE GETS ENGLISH PLANS. THE VOTES ACTUALLY CAST.

IN POSSESSION OF MILITARY INFORMA-TION.

THE FRENCH GOVERNMENT RECEIVES DESIGNS FOR NEW WORKS AT THE GIBRAL-

TAR FORTRESS. Birmingham, March 27,-"The Post," in a special dispatch from London, says there is good authority dispatch from London, says there is good authority for the allegation that persons acting in behalf of the French Government have succeeded in obtaining at Whitehall the details of the plans of the proposed new works at Gibraltar. The fact shat an attempt has been made to procure them is known to the War Office, and there is reason to believe that the attempt was at least partially successful. The War Office has ordered an inquiry into the matter.

TWO BRITISH MINISTERS RETURNED. MESSRS, MUNRO-FERGUSON AND SHAW CARRY THE BY-ELECTIONS IN THEIR RESPEC-TIVE DISTRICTS.

London, March 27.-The Parliamentary election in Leith, made necessary by the appointment of R. C. Munro-Ferguson as one of the Junior Lords of the Treasury, took place yesterday, and resulted in the return of Mr. Munro-Ferguson by a vote of 5.823 against 4,692 for W. A. Bell, Liberal-Unionist,

The election in the Hawick district of Scotland, made necessary by Thomas Shaw's acceptance of the office of Solicitor-General for Scotland, was held to-day, and resulted in the return of Mr. Shaw by 3.26 votes, against 2.55 for McLeod Fullarton, Q. C., Liberal-Unionist. In the general election of 1852 Mr. Shaw received 2,664 votes and the Liberal-Unionist candidate 2,639.

RIOTING IN A SPANISH TOWN. Madrid, March 27.—A mob of 2,600 unemployed mer paraded the streets of San Lucar de Barrameda yes terday and finally began plundering shops, smashing windows and destroying other property. The police

windows and destroying other property. The police attemated to disperse the crowd, but were driven off. The military authorities were appealed to, and the troops succeeded in scattering the crowd and restoring order. A number of the rioters were hurt, but none seriously.

Judge Domenech, who presided at the trial of the Anarchists who threw the bomb in the Lyceum Opera House in Barcelona, has advised the Government to create a force in Barcelona similar to that organized in St. Petersburg when Nibilism was at its height in the Russian capital. Sector Domenech's scheme is to classify every house, have each one watched, and the police informed of the movements of the inmates.

THE BRITANNIA WINS AGAIN Nice, March 27,-To-day's race in the International Regatta was won by the Prince of Wales's Britannia, which sailed over the course in three hours nia, which salled over the course in three hours and crossed the finish line seventeen minutes ahead of the Valkyrie I. The Oretta was third. The Blue Rock lost her topmast and was thereafter out of the race. Only two rounds of the course were sailed, in order that the race might be finished before surset. The breeze was good throughout. The Prince of Wales was on board the Britannia.

BOMB EXPLOSION IN A FRENCH TOWN. Paris, March 27.-A bomb loaded with blasting powder and fragments of iron was exploded powder and tragments of from was explosed that evening on the windowsill of a public hall in Mont-ceau-les-Mines. Department of Saone-et-Loire. A dance was going on in the hall at the time. The building was badly damaned, but nob-dy was hurt. The town is the centre of a coal-mining and quar-

CONFERENCE IN LONDON ABOUT BEHRING SEA.

London, March 27.-Mr. Bayard, the United States Ambassador, returned here from Bath to-day, and had a prolonged interview with the Earl of Kim-Julian Paumefote, British Ambassator at the ington, relating to arrangements for catrying out the findings of the Behring Sea Court of Arbitra

HOME-RULERS HURT BY A FALLING CEIL

Dublin, March 27.-While the regular meeting the shareholders of "The Dublin Freeman" was it progress in the Imperial Hotel to-day, a part of the progress in the Imperial Hotel to-day, a part of the ceiling of the room fell to the floor with a tre-mendous crash. Everybody believed a bomb ha-been exploded, and a rush was made for the door Before the frightened Home-Rulers could escape, however, a section of the floor gave way, causing a number of the men to fail. Several of them were trampled upon, and severely, though not seriously, hurt. Thomas Sexion, who presided at the meeting, succeeded in cheeking the scare by explaining its cause, and order was finally restored.

TO SEPARATE FROM THE CENTRE PARTY Munich, March 27.-Meetings of agriculturists wer held in various parts of Bayaria yesterday, and resolutions were passed favorable to the formation resolutions were passed layorable to the formation of an independent Bavarian section in the Reichstag, to be entirely distinct from the Centre party, with which the Agrarians have hitherto acted. The new movement is the outgrowth of the support given to the Government on the occasion of the passage of the Russian commercial treaty, to which the Agrarians were opposed.

NEWFOUNDLAND LEGISLATORS UNSEATED. St. John's, N. F., March 27 (Special).—Sir James Winter delivered judgment to-day in the Bay de Ver contested election case. He finds two Government members-Surveyor-General Woods and Mr. Moores guilty of bribery and corruption. Both are unseated and disqualified. The principal charge was that of expending large sums of public money in giving employment, immediately before elections, on public works, to influence votes, and this course was pronounced corruption. Fifteen more members of the Government party have been petitioned against on the same ground.

FOR KOSSUTH'S FUNERAL.

London, March 28 .- A dispatch to "The Daily News" from Budapest says: "The prospects are that quiet will prevail during the funeral of Louis Kossuth. The better Independents have organized Kossuth. The better Independents have organized a body of volunteer constables, mainly students, to co-operate with the police. There are indications that the recent rioting in this city was incited by Clerical and Conservative agents. The Vicar of Budapest, in replying to the Funeral Committee's request that the Catholic churches of the city display signs of mourning, expresses regret that he is unable to comply with the committee's wishes, as the Catholic Church allows such displays for sons of the Church allows such displays for sons of the Church allow. The Histop of Kaschau, however, has allowed the black flag to be displayed on the cathedral there. Performances in the royal theatres will be suspended from Friday until Sunday."

A committee appointed by the Korsuth Memorial Committee called upon Mayor Gilroy yesterday and requested that the United States flag be placed at half-mast on the City Hall on April 4, when a funeral procession in memory of Kossuth will take place in this city. Mayor Gilroy told the committee that he would have the United States flag placed at half-mast, and would also have the Hungarian flag placed alongside of it. He also consented to review the parade. Mayor Gilroy said: "I want to say here that I am in favor of displaying the Hungarian flag because Hungary is no longer a nation. I want it understood, however, that I am opposed to displaying the flag of any monarchy upon our buildings."

Mayor Gilroy also agreed to have the Columbian liberty bell tolled. at half-mast on the City Hall on April 4, when a

THE FAYERWEATHER WILL CASE.

The executors of the will of D. B. Fayerweather made a formal application for an accounting of the estate in the Supreme Court yesterday. The executors are Thomas G. Ritch, Justus L. Bulkiey and Henry B. Vaughan. Jabish Holmes, representing Dartmouth College, made a formal objection on the ground that the accountings were incurring unnecessary expense. William Blaikle represented Fayerweather's relatives. John E. Parsons and General Stewart L. Woodford represented the trustees and residuary lexatees.

Judge Truax said that he did not see what objection there was to receiving the statements as to how the trustees had disbursed the money and received their allowances, but he wou. examine the papers before giving a decision.

The papers show that about \$990,000 has been paid out-\$625,000 to colleges, \$43,000 inheritance tax. \$27,000 other taxes, \$12,000 to the executors and trustees for commissions; to Parsons, Shepard & Ogden, and Arnoux, Ritch & Woodford, as counsel, \$40,000. The executors of the will of D. B. Fayerweather

When an article of furniture at FLINT'S (14th-st, and 4th-ave.) does not quickly sell at the cost price, a lower and lower price is marked until the bargain is taken.

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OVER 12,000 REPUBLICAN BALLOTS AT THE RECENT PRIMARIES.

SWORN STATEMENTS OF THE LEADERS AND THE POLL LISTS MAKE THIS REMARKABLE SHOW-

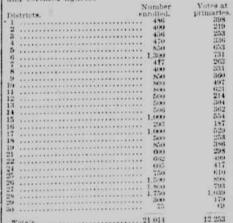
ING-A PUBLIC MEETING TO RE-

FUTE CALUMNIES.

vas an indignation meeting in Parlor D R of the Fifth Avenue Hotel last evening. It was composed of the Executive Committee of the Republican Organization of the City and County New-York—the men elected to that body by the several Assembly district committees—and the men who conducted and supervised the Republican primary elections held throughout this city on Monday evening. March 19, which have been so malevolently criticised by the Bilss-Patterson Committee of Thirty and that portion of the Republican press controlled by members of that committee or their ympathizers. A more solid and respectable body of men never made up any previous political Exec utive Committee in this city than the men who were gathered in the Fifth Avenue Hotel last night. They came prepared to prove that their primaries were honestly conducted, and that the number of votes they claimed in their returns had been ac tually cast at the several polling-places in their respective districts, and they did this to the satisfaction of those who listened to them, by producing their poll-lists and other records, substantiated in many instances by the sworn statements of the en-rolling officers and inspectors of election. The rerolling officers and inspectors of election. The result showed that the number of votes polled at the Republican primaries, certified from the corrected returns and verified under oath, was 12,253—a slight increase over the peturns sent into the headquarters on the same night, many of which were necessarily estimated and unofficial.

THE FIGURES BY DISTRICTS.

The subjoined table gives the number of Republicans enrolled and the number of votes polled at the primaries of March 19, as shown by the correct



CALLING FOR THE REPORTS

After an executive session the committee opener the city were represented at the reporters' table. lossph Wilkinson, the chairman, called for the rether report from his committee was needed beyon the reports to be submitted by the representative phold Republican principles. Never had there is pecting men than had been seen in prints in reference to the growth and spread of this ovement. Mr. Milholland mentioned some of the He referred especially to the attacks on the XIIth District primary, and as that district has been singled out for particularly malignant misrepresentation he called on Dr. A. S. Houghton, of that dis-

o make the first statement. Dr. Houghton, who had come from Washington yesterday purposely to be present, said that the whole structure of falsehood as to his district grew out of the fact that he had at the district head quarters the only complete enrolment list of voters, which explained why voters from the various elec-tion districts who were not known to the enrolling officers were obliged to come to him for certificates that they were regularly enrolled. He gay them when they were all right what had bee called "O. K." certificates. The two men who ha made statements that they had voted without being enrolled had come to him, and finding their names on the roll he had given them certificates entitling them to vote. The doctor produced the roll wi the names. Only one of them voted, as the other man never appeared. Dr. Houghton produced his poll-lists and certificates, showing that in thirty-one of the thirty-three election districts of the XIIth Assembly District 214 votes were polled. The allegation that polling-places were in vacant

lots, he said, was an unquanted lie.

William A. Cummings, of the 1st Assembly Di triet, came forward with his certificates, showing that primaries had been held in all but four of the thirty-four election districts there, and that 398 votes were cast

Frank Martin, of the Hill, produced sworn statements and poll lists, certifying to 253 votes polled. Dr. Ulick W. C. Burke, from the IVth, did the same, showing 226 votes. John Stiebling, of the Vth; William H. Huber, of the VIth, and Mr. Nowak, of the VIIIth, came forward with statements showing the figures, which were transferred

GOOD WORK IN THE INTH. Dr. Hamilton Williams, of the IXth, said, when he was asked to produce evidence of the honesty and squareness of his primary, that it was like asking General Neal Dow to take the Keeley cure. (Laughter and cheers.) Although twelve election districts out of the forty-six could not hold elections for want of headquarters, 360 votes were

polled, out of their enrolment of 893.

William F. Daly, representing the Xth, showed 497 votes in an enrolment of 800. He had not had time to get his statements into affidavit form, but he believed that the correctness of his returns had not been questioned.

Ex-Alderman J. G. McMurray reported for the

XIth-621 votes out of an enrolment which he said had now reached 1,000. Primaries were held in every election district and fair and honest returns

every election district and fair and honest returns made. The pairry charges made against them were unworthy of notice. George Cavanagh reported that all the election districts of the XIIIth voted at Assembly District headquarters, so that there could be no mistuderstanding.

When the XIVth was reached James B. Townsend made an eloquent speech defending his primaries and those of the organization generally. "I cannot afford," he said, "and my friends around me here cannot afford to indulge in chicanery and dishonesty, I am prepared to swear to the returns from my district. I supervised them. Only one newspaper has challenged their correctness."

Otto Irving Wise, of the XXIst, presented an affidavit of the four men who were inspectors of the Assembly district primary at No. 627 Madison-ave, "These men are not millionaires," he said, "not members of the Union League Club, but they were always good enough lieutenants for the men who are now opposing our movement." The names were Robert Sweeney, P. J. Connoily, Leon J. Cohen and William S. Sanderson. They swore that they were present from 6 p. m. until the votes were counted, and that 288 votes were policel. No one voted who was not a Republican of the XXIST District.

PILING UP THE EVIDENCE.

John Lane represented the XVth, with affidavits XIXth, said that he had not had time to get up his sworn statements for the 386 votes polled in his district, but he called on a reporter who had ridden with him over the district on the night of the pri-

For the young womanhood of the time who take no stock in jine new revolt, and are content to be "dutiful, innocent and sheltered," read that wholesome novel, "The Idea of March."

THE CIRCUS IS HERE!

And people galore are flocking to see it as usual. The whole parade isn't a circumstance, though, to the procession that is marching on daily and hourly to buy

RIKER'S SARSAPARILLA, the "Good" brand that doesn't render "that tired feeling" chronic, by filling the system with Mercury, lodide of Potassium and other things Mercury, lodide of Potassium and other things that aren't healthy for a stendy diet. Only 75 cits, for an extra big bottle. Of your druggist or at

RIKER'S,

6th Ave., Cor. 22d St.

A COACHMAN FOR MAYOR. AN EX-BRITISH OFFICER WANTS TO BE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OF PERTH AMBOY.

Perth Amboy, N. J., March 27.-Edward Crudden, the coachman, whom a party of independent Demo-crats have nominated for Mayor of this city, tocrats have nominated for Mayor of this city, to-day filed with City Clerk Wight the petition for ballots required by the Election laws of the State. He had 126 signers, or twenty-six more than the number required. He has a number of office-holders, notably Republicans, among his followers. He says that he is confident of election, and believes the Republicans will indorse his candidacy. A large majority of his supporters are members of that party. Crudden is an ex-officer of the British Army, and is now in charge of the stables of J. M. M. Scott's establishment. Scott is wealthy and is supporting Crudden in his political ambitions.

CHARTER ELECTIONS IN THIS STATE. Saratoga, N. Y., March 27 (Special).-At the char ter election here to-day Caleb W. Mitchell, the Democratic nomines, was re-elected President of the Village by a majority\*of 173 over John W. Howe. Republican. Mitchell's majority two years ago was 276. His re-election is considered a victory by the gambling fraternity and the saloon element, and it is alleged that they contributed a large amount of money with which the driftwood vote was purchased. It is stated that they bought votes almost openly from the opening till the closing of the polls.

Catskill, March 27.—At the Catskill charter election to-day the Democrats elected their candidate for village trustee for the first time in nine years. er election here to-day Caleb W. Mitchell, the Carskill, March 27.—At the Carskill charter election to-day the Democrats elected their candidate for village trustee for the first time in nine years. The balance of the ticket was divided.

Little Falls, March 27.—The annual charter election, held to-day, resulted in a complete victory for the Republicans. Charles King, the owner of the Saxony Knitting Mills, was elected president over Samuel Newbury by 63. Jonah May, who has been in office for twenty years, was defeated for police justice by Henry C. Brown (Rep.), by 22. Four Republican trustees were elected—a result which throws the village government into the hands of the Republicans. The total vote was the largest ever polled here.

THE A. P. A. IN POLITICS. St. Joseph. Mo., March 27.-The A. P. A. has

taken a hand in the local elections here, having issued a ticket with the names of all Catholics left off. The ticket is headed, "American Clifzens," and on it are the names of all candidates except those to whom the society is opposed. Both the Democratic and Republican candidates for Mayor are left off.

FINE LIVING PICTURES.

WELL-KNOWN PEOPLE GIVE TABLEAUS FOR CHARITY.

A LARGE AND FASHIONABLE THRONG IN THE MANHATTAN ATHLETIC CLUB THEATRE.

An artistic display of living pictures, representing the paintings of famous French masters of the eighteenth century, was given last night in the theatre of the Manhattan Athletic Club, Madison ave, and Forty-fifth-st., to raise a fund to benefit the parish house of the Protestant Episcopal Church of St. Ignatius, and to aid the Woman's Guild of the church. The entertainment drew together on of the largest and most fashionable audiences that has ever been present in the clubhouse and the pretty little theatre where the living pictures were presented. Mrs. Stanley Mortimer, Mrs. John A. Lowery, Mrs. Henry Clews and Mrs. William Jay, who organized the guild and who suggested and inspirited the enterprise, certainly deserve great credit for their labors. These ladies, with W. Harold Brown, who arranged the lights, and George Munzig and George Hamilton Bell, who attended to the posing, gave their time and talent toward the success of the entertainment. Nearly every seat in he theatre was occupied, and nearly every inch of standing room was filled. The gallery was bought up by several benevolent persons, by whom tickets were distributed for this part of the house to

their friends and relatives.

The different tableaus were shown in eval and square frames of various sizes, the portraits being fillustrated in handsome oval settings. In the first picture, a Watteau, "Gillies of the Italian Comedy Theatre," the actor Biansolelli, as Pierrot, was impersonated by Thomas Robbins; in the group gazing at hum were Searle Barclay, Philip Benkard.

Theatre," the actor Biancolelli, as Pierrot, was impersonated by Thomas Robbins; in the group gazing at him were Searle Barclay, Philip Benkard, Gerald Benkard and Miss Alice Nicholas. The next tableau was a portrait of Adrienne Lecouvreur as Cornelle, after Coypel, impersonated by Miss Elizabeth Greene, who wore a rich gown of pink brocade and a voluminous scarf of gauze, spangled with silver. The third tableau represented "Henriette de Bourbon, Duchesse d'Orleans," after Nattier, impersonated by Miss Sadie Thompson, who wore a blue velvet coat, across the shoulders, of which were draped bands of gold.

The next picture presented was "La Sultane, a portrait of Mme, de Pompadour," after Van Loo, in which Miss Mamie Field appeared. Her gown was of the most gorgeous description, being of bine brocade, combined with gauze, and a wonderful scarf embroidered in gold, and ropes and ropes of pearls in the coffure and on the corsage. The colored woman in this picture, while picturesque in costume and attitude, was unknown to any of the audience. Next came Boucher's "La Bouquetière," in which Mrs. Francts V. I. Hoppin, in a gorgeous gown of bine satin and gold, was the bleaf figure. Drousi's ter, Maris-Adelaide-Clotiide-Navier of France, was the next picture shown. Marie was represented by Miss Rives, and her brokher by Miss Charlotte Whiting, daughter and niece of Mrs. G. L. Rives, Whiting, daughter and niece of Mrs. G. L. Rives, and love twenty and the brokher by Miss Charlotte Whiting, daughter and niece of Mrs. G. L. Rives, and love the language of one of the other bedrages was the next picture shown. Marie was represented by Miss Rives, and her brokher by Miss Charlotte Whiting, daughter and niece of Mrs. G. L. Rives, and love the language of one of the other species of the language of one of the other species of the language of one of the other species of the language of one of the other species. About twenty-two of the thirty chapters of the programme was a pares C. Carter, who without any subject asissance to th Miss Rives, and her brother by Miss Charlotte Whiting, daughter and niece of Mrs. G. L. Rives. "L'Amour Européen," after Eisen, was then preniticent Louis XIV gown of cream, gold and red brocade, figured with flowers, loaned by Mrs. Cornellus Vanderbilt, and Valentine G. Hail, who wore a costume of the period, of light blue brocade.

Roslin's portrait of Mile. Boucher was the ne picture presented. Mile, Boucher was impersonated by Miss Vyse, who looked most attractive in a cospicture presented. Mile. Boucher was impersonated by Miss Vyse, who looked most attractive in a costume of paie-blue satin, over a petitical of white satin, her hair being decorated with a chaplet of pink roses. "Les Adieux," after Le Jeune, was next presented. It was one of the most teling of the many beautiful pictures shown. In it Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, in a beautiful gown of pink and white brocade, impersonated the wife, Robert Sands the husband and Archibaid Pell the lover. The men were in rich costumes of the period. The portrait of Mme. Greuze, after Greuze, was the next picture, Miss Julia Rogers appeared in the ovai frame, and looked most beautiful in a white satin skirt, made with an oversiress of yellow satin, trimmed with blue satin and silver. Mme Vigee-Lebrun's portrait of Mme, de Molé-Raymond was next presented. Miss Cora Randolph was in the portrait, and with her large fur muff and in a striking costume of blue satin, over which were worn a coat of mauve satin and a large blue velvet hat dressed with high plumes, was indeed a pleasing picture.

"La Paix ou les Honneurs," after Prud'hon, was next presented. Miss Lydia Emmet was the allegorical figure, in a striking Greek costume of white and gold. Then was presented De Boisfremont's picture of "The Clemency of Napoleon Toward' the Princess Hatzfeld." Miss Sedley, who impersonated the Princess, was in a gorgeous Empire gown of yellow velvet and silver white Napoleon. Archibaid Pell wore a suriout of blue velvet and fur and the Order of St. Louis on a red ribbon about his neck. The dance which followed the pictures was a most of the audience departed after the tablicaus.

In the audience departed after the tablicaus.

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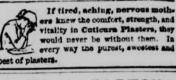




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PHI BETA KAPPA MEN DINE.

AN EVENING OF GOOD-FELLOWSHIP.

SPEECHES BY BISHOP POTTER, PRESIDENT

SCHURMANN, OF CORNELL, AND OTHERS. The Phi Beta Kappa men gave a dinner last evening at the Hotel Waldorf. About 250 members were present. There were at the table of honor Ellis H. Roberts, president of the New-York association; Bishop Henry C. Potter, the Key, Drs. P. V. Raymond, William R. Huntington, Thomas Gallaudet and Everard Kempshall, Joseph H. Choate, Hamilton W. Mabie, Edward King, James C. Carte, Hamilton W. Mable, Edward King, James C. Carton,
Henry H. Anderson and Jacob Gould Schurman,
President of Cornell University. There were twentyeight round tables, at each of which eight person
were scated. Some of those present were Eight
Root, J. A. Blanchard, John Sabine Smith, R. C.
Alexander, J. S. Applegate, Professor F. W. Burdick and Honry Sarson, and George S. Taff, of dick and Henry Sargent and George S. Taft, of Worcester, Mass., the Rev. J. W. Sterrit, the Rev. C. A. Stoddard, W. S. Paine, Theodore Sutro, Colond

speakers.

About twenty-two of the thirty chapters of the organization in the United States were represented at the dinner, which was successful in every detail.

A PRIZE PIANO TO BE GIVEN AWAY. The golden plane which has been given to endow free scholarships at the Conservatory of Church Music in this city will be given away as a souvenir at the concert in Carnegie Music Hall this evening. at the concert in Carnegie Music Hail this evening.

Every purchaser of a ticket for the concert has a chance to become the owner of the World's Falf prize plano. Glimore's Hand and eminent soloists will furnish pleasing popular music. Adoloh Gloss and his talented daughter are the planists. The Ref. John J. Tighe, New-Jersey's orator and poet, will discourse on "The Power of Music."

THE BEATHER REPORT

AREA OF HIGH PRESSURE MOVES TO THE COAST. Washington, March 27 .- A storm has developed in Kan-Kansas to North Carolina, diminishing in magnitude second high area of great magnitude has developed to the north of Montana. Light rain or snow has fallen in the lower lake region and the Northwest. The temperature has remained stationary in the Atlantic States; it has fallen decidedly in the extreme Northwest, and has rises

The temperature will fall decidedly from the middle and upper Mississippi valleys to the Rocky Mountain region. Show flurrier may be expected in the middle and upper Mississippi valleys and upper lake region.

DETAILED FORECAST FOR TO-DAY. For New-England and Eastern New-York, generally fair; slightly warmer; southwest winds. For Eastern Pennsylvania, New-Jersey, Delaware, Mary

land, the District of Columbia and Virginia, fair; warmer land, the District of Columbia and Viginia, variable winds, becoming south.

For North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia, generally fair; warmer; variable winds.

For Tennessee, Kentucky, West Virginia, Western Pensylvania, Western New-York, Ohio and Indiana, fair; warmer; south winds.

For Illinois, fair, followed by showers in northern postion; slightly warmer; south winds.

TRIBUNE LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.



In this diagram a continuous white line shows the changes in pressure as indicated by The Tribune's self-recording harometer. The broken line represents the temperature as observed at Perry's Pharmacy.

Tribune Office, March 28, 1 a. m.—Fair and colder weather prevailed yesterday. The temperature ranged between 22 and 31 degrees, the average (28) being 3 for the corresponding day last year.

The weather to-day is linear to continue fair, becoming somewhat warmer.

Our salesmen report notable improvement in trade citizing. We have not advanced prices in books.